

Terrorists Threaten French 'Liberals'

By ISRAEL NEUMANN, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — Police took strict precautionary measures on Saturday to assure the security of Government personalities — among them President de Gaulle himself — as well as prominent advocates of a peace settlement in Algeria, in the wake of a machine-gun attack on Senator Francois Mitterand early Friday morning.

The police have learned that murder gangs, including one from Oran and another from Algiers, have entered France with the intention of assassinating several leading figures.

Security measures have been taken for Ministers of Justice, Michelet and some Opposition leaders, including ex-Premier Pierre Mendès-France. The chosen victims were reported to include four left-wing politicians, four journalists, and two officials. Pamphlets leveling death threats against them have been circulated.

A wave of terror was believed planned by French Algerian extremists in a final effort to intimidate the peace advocates after the army has demonstrated its faithfulness to Gen. de Gaulle.

Attack on Mitterand

The unsuccessful attack against M. Mitterand, a former Minister of Interior, was probably planned to signal the opening of terrorist attacks. But having failed, it has alerted the security forces, and might prove fatal to the gangs of professional killers serving the extremists.

Extreme right-wing organizations believed planning a coup d'état under the leadership of an ex-general.

The attack on M. Mitterand came after he had left a restaurant in his car at 1 a.m. The gangsters followed in another car and after an exchange of shots, the car was hit. M. Mitterand turned sharply into another street. This gave him time to jump out and leap over a fence where he took refuge. The attackers opened up with a burst of sub-machinegun fire at his car.

A-Bombs Involved In U.S. Air Crash

HARDINSBURG, Kentucky (Reuters). — The board of inquiry has set up to investigate the cause of the explosion and collision of a Strato-Fortress, carrying two nuclear weapons, and a C-54 bomber on Thursday night.

Eight of the 12 crewmen aboard the two planes were killed.

Just what caused the explosion — the first accident of its kind in nine years of mid-air refueling operations — was still a mystery, although one investigator said he suspected a petrol leak.

Lieutenant-General John McConnell, commander of the Second U.S. Air Force, said: "We can't tell whether the collision caused the explosion or the explosion caused the collision."

People in three states saw a vivid flash as huge B-52s passed behind the tanker's tail to refuel. The two planes were travelling at about 300 m.p.h. at a high altitude.

The Air Force refused to say what kind of nuclear weapons were carried by the Strato-Fortress, but some reports described them as hydrogen bombs.

Gen. McConnell said, "The weapons remained intact. They did not explode or detonate. There was no danger of radiological effect."

Troops Kill Bandits In Belgian Congo

LULUABOURG, Belgian Congo (Reuters). — Four Belgian soldiers were killed when Belgian-officered native troops opened fire against an attacking band at a village near here on Friday, it was learned yesterday.

The soldiers were patrolling the Demba district, north of Luluabourg, some of the worst disturbances during the four-day inter-tribal fighting between Baluba and Lulua.

All victims in the region were Baluba, and many bodies were mutilated.

More than 30 persons are reported to have died in the inter-tribal fighting, which flared up on Tuesday night after a clash at a football match. The Lulua and Baluba have been enemies since early colonial days.

In Brussels, on Friday, M. Auguste de Schryver, Minister for the Belgian Congo, said the Belgian Government planned to create a "control government for all of the Congo" during 1960.

Morocco Devalues Currency 20%

RABAT (Reuters). — The Moroccan currency on Saturday was devalued by 20.44 per cent. It was officially announced.

The new exchange rate will be 130 Moroccan francs to \$1 and 1,025 Moroccan francs to £1 (old) French franc.

The International Monetary Fund has granted \$25m. to help Morocco establish her new currency.

Lloyd to Paris Next Month For Summit Planning

The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Selwyn Lloyd, will visit Paris on November 11 and 12 for talks with the French Government, it was announced yesterday in Paris and London.

The British and French Foreign Ministers are expected to review such problems as the approach to East-West summit negotiations, NATO questions, and European political and economic cooperation, particularly the relations between the six-nation European Common Market and the Free Trade Association led by Britain.

French Government quarters have welcomed the desire of the British Conservative Government, newly returned to power with a doubled majority, to improve relations with France and other European nations.

In Washington on Friday, a top State Department official declared: "A summit conference in the reasonably near future is a distinct possibility."

Mr. Andrew Berding, Assistant Secretary of State for Public Affairs, did not give any forecast as to the date. But in a speech he said: "All signs point to the continuance of personal high-level diplomacy for some time to come."

'Chinese Unreceptive'

He said the U.S. was troubled by "the seeming lack of receptivity" by Chinese Communist leaders to Mr. Nikita Khrushchev's statements during his visit to Peking, either Peking at this time does not share Moscow's professed desire for a relaxation of tensions, or Peking does not regard such professions as genuine," Mr. Berding said.

"We believe that if the Soviet Union is sincere in wanting to safeguard the peace it has the leverage, through the set-against-the Communist camp, to ensure a measure of responsibility on the part of the Chinese Communists," (Reuters)

U.S. Blasts Soviet Threat to Official

WASHINGTON (Reuters). — The State Department said yesterday that an American Embassy Official was accused in Moscow on Friday by five Russian officials wearing civilian clothing, dragged to an alley, accused of spying, and told that he must engage in intelligence activities for the Soviet Union.

A strongly-worded Note protesting against the alleged incident was delivered to the Soviet Foreign Ministry a few hours later.

The U.S. official was identified as Mr. Russell Langelle, Chief Security Officer at the Embassy, who the State Department said had now been expelled from the Soviet Union.

The note to the Soviet Foreign Ministry said the U.S. rejected the Soviet accusations and "protests these improper actions of the Soviet authorities."

Mr. Langelle was subjected to forcible detention, threats of violence against himself and against his family, to forcible search, to attempted interrogation, and to attempts to enlist his cooperation in intelligence activities against the U.S., the Note declared.

Hungary Executes 'Rebels' of 1956

BUDAPEST (Reuters). — An official spokesman said on Saturday that a number of persons were executed recently for alleged crimes committed during the 1956 rising.

This is the first official confirmation that executions were in fact carried out after the trial of a large group from the Budapest industrial suburb of Ujpest.

PRESIDENT LEAVES FOR BURMA TODAY

Last-Minute Bid to Stop Renault Quitting Israel

Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Eleventh-hour, top-level negotiations between the French and Israeli Governments were held in Paris over the weekend in an attempt to avert a final breach of contract by the Renault company, a Regie Nationale des Usines Renault spokesman said.

The French and Israeli Governments were still being studied by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, which is responsible for the Regie Nationale-affiliated company.

A Renault spokesman in Paris said on Friday: "We have a contract with the French Government for the assembly of our vehicles in Israel and I have no intention of making up a car-assembly plant in Egypt."

The French Foreign Minister in Paris and Charge d'Affaires of the Embassy, Mr. Mordechai Shmerson, returned to Paris on Thursday night after a three-day visit to the French Minister Golda Meir for consultations on the matter.

Isolated Case

Although Government circles in Jerusalem view with grave concern the submission of the French State-owned firm to the Arab boycott, it is generally believed that Renault's decision is an isolated affair which in no way represents a change in the traditionally friendly relations between the two countries.

An official close to the French Government was reported to have stated in Paris on Friday that his Government wishes to continue the close economic relations with Israel.

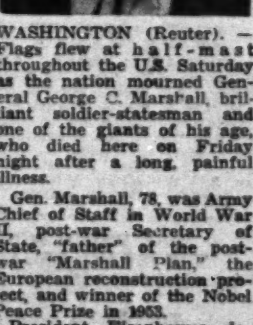
For three years France has been considering ending Renault's activities in Israel with a view to "establishing French Government representatives make up only one-third of Renault's Administrative Council, which serves the company only in an advisory capacity. Renault's competition for export markets with Peugeot and Simca is believed to have been the decisive factor for the company's decision to break its contract with the Israeli firm.

It is understood that M. Pierre Dreyfus, Renault's Managing Director, who is a Jew, is fully aware of the serious legal implications of his company's action and is prepared to pay the necessary fine if used by Kaiser-Frazer. M. Dreyfus is believed to have been compelled to yield to a pro-Arab section of Renault's which expects a wider gains for their company through an agreement with the Arabs rather than continue to remain in the more limited Israel market.

Israel's friends in French Government circles are understood to have been kept in the dark as to recent developments.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Gen. Marshall Dead at 78



WASHINGTON (Reuters). — Flags flew at half-mast throughout the U.S. Saturday in honor of General George C. Marshall, brilliant soldier-statesman and one of the giants of his age, who died here on Friday night after a long, painful illness.

Gen. Marshall, 78, was Army Chief of Staff in World War II, post-war Secretary of State, "father of the post-war Marshall Plan," the European reconstruction project, and winner of the Nobel Peace Prize in 1953.

President Eisenhower described Marshall on Friday night as "one of the nation's most illustrious sons" and said his death was "cause for profound grief throughout the U.S."

Marshall, who retired from office as Secretary of Defense in 1951, suffered two strokes earlier this year and remained paralyzed until his death in Washington's Walter Reed Military Hospital. The cause of death was officially attributed to old age and complications arising from the strokes and kidney disease.

Preparations were being made for a funeral on Tuesday as simple and unostentatious as the life Marshall lived.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

2 Women, Sherpa Guides Die In Assault on Himalayan Peak

KATMANDU, Nepal (Reuters). — Two European women mountaineers and two Sherpa guides have died in a blizzard while making the first attempt by women to conquer a Himalayan peak, the Nepalese Foreign Ministry announced yesterday.

The women killed were Mme. Claude Kogan, 40, a French dressmaker and leader of the all-women expedition from five nations, and Mme. Claudine van der Straeten, 36, an attractive Belgian.

The two Sherpa guides were accompanying them on the final stages of their trek to reach the peak of 26,750-foot Cho Oyu — "Turquoise Goddess" — in the Nepal Himalayas.

The four were 23,000 feet high when engulfed in fierce blizzards sweeping the region, which lies near Mount Everest.

Eleven women from five nations were taking part in the expedition to Cho Oyu, the world's eighth highest mountain.

Mme. Kogan, who held the world's highest climbing record for women, was leading a team of women mountaineers from Belgium, Britain, France, Switzerland and India.

Disaster struck the same expedition on October 2. One of the Sherpa Himalayan guides accompanying the team was killed by an avalanche.

Another Sherpa, caught in the same avalanche, escaped with frost bitten hands.

Two of the women had to be evacuated to a base camp earlier this month because of high altitude sickness, but the other members were reported to be making steady progress in their attempt to reach the summit of Cho Oyu.

Her husband died in a mountaineering accident several years ago.

Mme. Kogan reached 26,496 feet on Cho Oyu with the famous Swiss climber Raymond Lambert in 1954.

The all-women expedition also includes Nina and Pen Pen, the teen-aged daughters of Sherpa Tensing, who conquered Everest with Sir Edmund Hillary.

The women left Katmandu on August 21 on the long, arduous trek through the monsoon to Namche Bazar, the nearest centre to Cho Oyu, which they reached on schedule on September 5.

Cho Oyu has been beaten only twice before — by Austrians in 1954 and Indians in 1955.

UAR: Troops Massing On Israel, Not Iraq Front

Shar'a, Two Others to Die For Plotting Coup in Jordan

AMMAN (Reuters). — Lt-General Sadek Shar'a, former Army Chief of Staff, was yesterday sentenced to death for having led a conspiracy to overthrow the Jordanian regime last March.

Seventeen army officers and a civilian were tried for their part in the alleged plot. Yesterday the court announced first that it had acquitted four officers, sentenced six to terms of imprisonment, and sentenced seven others and the civilian to death.

Four officers acquitted, 11 officers sentenced to terms of imprisonment with hard labour ranging from seven years to life and two officers and a civilian sentenced to death.

Those sentenced to death were Lt-General Shar'a, his brother, Colonel Sadek Shar'a (tried in his absence) and Dr. Rifaa' Oadeh.

Death Asked for 14

At the trial, which started on August 12 and was adjourned last month while the court deliberated, the prosecution asked the court to sentence 14 of the officers to death, along with Dr. Oadeh.

During the trial, General Shar'a confessed to taking part in the planned coup d'état, while Dr. Oadeh denied all knowledge of it.

The prosecution said the accused had decided to depose the king, if the coup had been successful. It said General Shar'a provided a plan in which the plotters would strike on the night of last March 45, while King Hussein was on his world tour.

After midnight, the Armoured Corps and the Royal Engineers would cordon Amman and all approach roads and would occupy the broadcasting station, post office, military airport and military headquarters.

Artillery Prepared

Any counter-attacks by royal guards or opposition would have been repelled by artillery, the prosecution added.

The plotters had "deceived" troops into believing the plot was in favour of the king, the prosecution said. But the king had prior knowledge of the plot and took General Shar'a with him on his tour.

The accused were arrested on May 23, when the king returned to Amman.

After allowing for reductions, the fate of the other 11 officers was as follows: Dr. Oadeh, life imprisonment with hard labour; Capt. Salim Abuhamdan, Col. Khalid Tarawneh, and Capt. Ibrahim Abuasour, 15 years with hard labour; Capt. Hassan Mohammed Mustafa and Major Moussa Jassat, 10 years with hard labour; Major Abdul Razaq, Urman Kaseem, First Lieut. Hassan Jadaiah, and Lieut. Abdul Majid Kaseem Nawarrah, seven years' hard labour; First Lieut. Pappas Sana'a, Col. Mahmud Hamouri, Capt. Mahmoud Awamleh, and First Lieut. Khalid Kura'n acquitted and will be released.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Mr. Wieslaw Gonska, the Polish Communist Party leader, said yesterday it was necessary to raise immediately the price of meat, oil and most products by an average of 20 per cent "to reduce somewhat the purchasing power of the population."

Major Raoul Castro, 38-year-old brother of Cuban Premier Fidel Castro, was yesterday appointed Minister of the Revolutionary Forces — an office which replaces the Defence Ministry.

IRAQ TO ATTEND Arab Oil Parley

BAGHDAD (Reuters). — Iraq has decided to take part in the Meeting of Arab League oil experts due to open at Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, on October 26. It was learned here on Saturday.

Meanwhile, Ibrahim Kubah, Minister for Petroleum Affairs, had a two-hour meeting on Friday with Mr. R.G. Seagrave, chief British representative of the Iraq Petroleum Company, to discuss oil affairs.

(Iraq did not attend the first Arab oil conference in Cairo last April.)

IRAQ SAYS MUTINY Brewing in Syria

LONDON (Reuters). — The state-controlled Baghdad Radio said yesterday that Egyptian military police detachments had been flown to the Syrian region to quell the spirit of mutiny spreading in the ranks of the Syrian Army.

The radio, heard here, said there was great dissatisfaction in the Syrian Army over cut rates of pay introduced by a decree of Abdul Nasser. "The truth is," it added, "we have concentrated our forces in the Iraqi frontier area. We cannot imagine that the Baghdad authorities regard any precautionary measure against Israel as an act of hostility to Iraq."

Baghdad Radio said that, according to reports of the past few days, "there had been trouble between the Syrian Army and other ranks of the Syrian Army by their Egyptian superior officers, who were lately sent to Syria."

The radio continued for the second day running incessant attacks on Nasser and King Hussein of Jordan.

General Kaseem yesterday received several ministers in the reception room of the hospital where he has been confined since the October 7 attack on his life.

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the right cigarette for all occasions

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Savyon

WHITE OVAL FILTER

Of the highest purity

Taste in KNITWEAR
Aled
JERSEY
SUITS AND DRESSES

Social & Personal

The Minister of Labour, Mr. Mordechai Namir, on Friday received the Yugoslav Minister, Mr. Dragoje Djuric.

The U.S. Ambassador and Mrs. Ogden Reid were received by the Minister of Justice on Thursday. They were later in the afternoon guests at the home of the Minister of Justice.

The President of the Departmental Council of Montevideo and Mrs. Fernandez Crespo, accompanied by the Uruguayan Minister, Dr. Pedro Maria di Lorenzo, visited the Histadrut Executive buildings on Friday and were received by Mr. E. Barakat, head of the Histadrut Political Department.

Mr. and Mrs. Fernandez Crespo visited the Weizmann Institute of Science on Thursday.

Among the visitors to the Weizmann Institute of Science last week were the President of the "Warner" group, Mr. Wolf Cohen, and Mrs. Cohen.

The French Government, upon the recommendation of the French Consul-General in Jerusalem, has decided to order of Chevalier des Palmes Academique to Mr. Samuel Behar, Director of Barclay's Bank in Jerusalem, for his services in organizing the culture by organizing the French theatrical group in Jerusalem.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Berenson of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. R. Cummings of Montreal and Mr. Benjamin Finn of Boston, all United Jewish Appeal leaders, have visited the offices of the Jewish Agency where they were received by the Treasurer of the Agency, Dr. Dov Joseph.

Mr. A. Alberman, of London, a leading figure in the pharmaceutical industry in Britain, visited the Hebrew University on Friday and was received by the President, Prof. B. Mazar, and Prof. E.D. Bergmann, of the School of Chemistry. Afterward, he was the guest at a University luncheon.

The Kinneret Society of the Federation of Zionists, in Wembley, London, were the guests of the Israel Office of the British Zionist Federation at a reception in Tel Aviv on Thursday night.

Gen. Marshall

(Continued from Page One)
sisted on leading during his distinguished career in uniform and in civil life. Honors will be paid at a simple service in the tiny chapel at Fort Myer, Virginia. A private interment will follow at Arlington National Cemetery, final resting place of the Unknown Soldiers and the nation's military dead.

Marshall was revered by his fellow countrymen as one of the greatest of all Americans. President Truman once called him the "greatest living American." Many historians said he was the dominant voice in Allied military strategy in the last war. Sir Winston Churchill described him as the "true organizer of victory" over the Axis.

Although his work as Secretary of State was not crowned with the same brilliant success as his military career, Marshall will be remembered in history for formulating the plan under which the U.S. poured \$12,500 million into war-torn Western Europe to save it from economic collapse, and halt the tide of Communism there.

ISRAEL NATIONAL

OPERA
Opera House - Air Cooled
1. Alceste, Tel. Aviv
BARBER OF SEVILLE
Tonight, Sun, Oct. 18

ALEXANDRA

Tomorrow, Mon, Oct. 19
Tues, Oct. 20

LA TRAVIATA

Tues, Oct. 20

MADAME BUTTERFLY

with the famous Japanese
guest soprano
MICHIO SUNAHARA
in the title role.
Wednesday, Oct. 21
Sat, Oct. 24; Tues, Oct. 27
Sat, Oct. 28, October 31

FLEDERMAUS

Monday, Oct. 26

La Boheme

by Puccini

All seats, first at 4.50 p.m.
Tickets at Tel. Aviv
(04-1, 4-8)

Subscription Tickets

available at the Opera House
between 5-11 and 5-6.

IDEALIST-PREMIER OF CHAD

Prime Minister Francois Tombalbaye is practical idealist. His dream is to put an end to suffering. His favorite reading material, in addition to political and economic treatises, is philosophical writings, are books which describe the emancipation of slaves. But in politics, the present Prime Minister of Chad is for cooperation with the French. Chad remained in the French Community after the May, 1958 referendum.

For many years, however, Mr. Tombalbaye fought the French administration relentlessly, though cautiously. He was only arrested twice, once for 24 hours, another time for a week. There was no sense in pushing things too far, for time was on the side of the persistent, he believed.

He was born in a village 25 years ago. His father, who married several times, had 25 children. He attended the elementary school in his village and later became assistant to the schoolteacher. It was a position he held until the time he moved to Fort Lamy, the capital, when he was elected Prime Minister. He has five children, the oldest being a daughter.

Soon after World War II Africa was in turmoil, and Chad was no exception in this from other African colonies. In his native village, Tombalbaye formed a nucleus of young men who wanted to release their spirit from slavery, and to give them the pride of free speech.

The African needed education and health and these aims are still very much the programme of the Progressive Party of Chad which Mr. Tombalbaye heads and which commands the majority in the Chad Parliament. The previous head of the Party was Gabriel Lisette, of Martinique.

Mr. Tombalbaye was twice elected to the Regional Advisory Assembly which existed under the colonial administration, in 1952 and in 1957.

Politics Important
Then, the Progressive Party had only three representatives. In 1959 following last May's referendum, new elections were held, and a landslide for the Progressive Party. Virtually all former local leaders were eliminated, among them the tribal chiefs who had continued to exercise their power under the colonial administration.

Politics is of primary importance in Chad today. Although the military and political news travels quickly over the large lakes and arid steppes of the country, and the people are very well informed, suffrage, proved to be the most militant of all.

But the main problem is

for Chad to maintain its territorial integrity against subversive activity by Moslem emissaries from across the frontier. Northern Chad is Moslem, and the linguistic of the country is Arabic. Religion is the dividing factor. However, the last election proved that the people had overcome separatist tendencies. Only a few delegates who were Moslem, although above the country's future, interests were returning to Parliament. Only in one district did the Progressives fail to register at least one gain.

The future? No "isms" are pursued, but only the aim of making the citizen self-respecting, of developing the country, of making Chad healthy and prosperous. How? By learning from others, among them Israel - and by working hard.

S.S.

Israel Star Trimmed To Hollywood Tastes

HOLLYWOOD (INA) - The Israel girl who will play the leading role in the 20th Century-Fox film, "The Story of Ruth," is resigned to the extensive changes that Hollywood has brought into her life.

Chosen over many name actresses to play the part, she has already acquired a new name and lost several pounds.

Twenty-year-old Elana Eden says that her real name is Cooper and explains that "they" wanted to have something that sounded more Jewish so they chose the biblical name Eden. She is on a strict reducing diet and daily massage is intended to bring her hips more in line with Hollywood tastes.

Twentieth Century-Fox is enthusiastic about her possibilities as a dramatic artist and is building her up for a promising career.

Elana was one of the five finalists for the lead in "The Diary of Anne Frank" while she was still drama student in Israel.

Conviction of Meat Thieves Upheld

The Supreme Court on Friday upheld a lower court's conviction of two meat dealers who had been found guilty of stealing close to 6,500 pounds of non-kosher meat from the Incode company. The meat had been intended for re-export.

The two, Sender Treivish and Avram Halton, were sentenced to a year's imprisonment. They will begin serving their sentences following the Succot holiday.

Tenants Claim Gov't Delayed Title Transfer

A national organization of tenants of housing projects built under government sponsorship met in Jerusalem last week to protest the Government's delay in keeping its promise to transfer clear title of their flats to the tenants.

The group calls itself the National Committee of Tenants of Housing Projects. Thursday's session was a foundation meeting. Among the resolutions adopted was one threatening that the local house committees will take legal action to force the authorities to grant tenants title to their flats.

Purchasers of Government-subsidized flats have for some time been agitating against the delay in the transfer of title, which in many cases has technically remained with the company which contracted to build the houses.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Levant, 6 King David, 4556.
TEL AVIV: Schwartz, 37 Allenby, 2455; Yan, 67 Yehuda Halevi, 63474; Shor-Talchuk, 54 King George, 22083; Nordau, 183 Ben Yehuda, 22073; JAFFA: 12 Rehov, 4, 54243; RAMAT GAN: Hadassah, 147 Mod'lin, Givatayim, 7271; PETAN TIRVA: Brit, 15 Boveval Zion, BEROVOT: Segal, 184 Herzl, 96-1225; HOLON: Brit, Sokolov, NANTYA: Grua.
HAIFA: Harbort, 26 Hagiborim, 47400.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Gruenwald, 22 Bin-Nun, 62883; Dr. Shor, 48 Zachi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Elson, 5 Shimon, 39748; Dr. Har-Even, 15 Shenkin, 25411; Dr. Weiss, 75 Disengoff, 25 Shimon, 45 Karmel, 11374; Dr. Warren, 15 Sutin, 27027.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 9 Rehov Hanev'im 2434.

THE ISRAEL LABOUR PARTY (MAPAI), JERUSALEM

Tomorrow night, 7 p.m.
at the Greek Orthodox Club in the Greek Colony

A Convention of The Greek and Armenian Communities

Moshe Bar'am - with the participation of the Jerusalem Labour Council Secretary.

Aharon Haim Cohen, of the Arab Department of the Histadrut.

The public is cordially invited.

PARAMOUNT extends Best Greetings on Succot

and proudly presents in Tel Aviv this week:

YARON OPHIR

Cinema Cinema

Israel Premiere of the New and Biggest Tarzan.

Tarzan's Greatest Adventure

In Eastmancolor

Starring: Gordon Scott, Anthony Quayle, Robert Ryan, and others.

Showing at the YARON, Jerusalem, and MAY, Haifa.

TEMPEST

Technicolor & Technicolor

Based on Shakespeare

Starring: Sir John Gielgud, Sir John Hewitt, and others.

Showing at the YARON, Jerusalem, and MAY, Haifa.

Science Convention Opening in Haifa

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA - A public stock-taking of current scientific problems and ideas was opened tonight at the Technion City on Mt. Carmel where the Association for the Advancement of Science (A.A.S.) holds its third national convention. Hundreds of members of 17 scientific societies, covering many fields from food to philosophy, from mathematics to mechanics, will gather to swap news and views and to read or listen to some 250 original papers.

Not only scientists, but also the general public will be present at the sessions, bringing scientific problems closer to the public eye, the Association's honorary secretary, Mr. Zeev Rotem, stated. Lectures will be delivered on a wide range of subjects, mostly in the natural sciences.

Opening Ceremony

At the opening ceremony, at the Churchill Auditorium, Prof. E.D. Bergmann, chairman of the A.A.S., Rav-Aluf Y. Dor, Technion President, and Mayor Abba Khoussy will greet the gathering. The lecture on "The opening of the Technion" will be given by Mr. Moshe Shalev, who will speak on "Problems related to the gathering of the exiles." His lecture is to serve as the introduction to "Israel Science Days," scheduled for Monday, which will have as its leit-motif the scientific problems of immigration.

Aspects of Immigration

Monday morning's lectures will deal with various aspects of immigration as seen by men and women of science. Prof. Bergmann will speak on "Immigration Problems," Dr. Edith Gerson-Kiwi on "The songs of the Ethnic Communities," Dr. S. Bar-Yon on "The impact of Tradition in the Food Habits and general adjustment among the communities," Dr. Ch. Sheba on "An attempt to trace Jewish immigrations through biochemical tests."

The convention will then be divided into study and lecture groups and symposia by various scientific societies. One of the richest part of a structure within the municipal area, including an area of land mainly used together with the structure as a yard - garden or otherwise and not exceeding the council - but not including land the structure on which has never been occupied either wholly or in part.

The District Court dismissed the appellants' appeal whereupon they appealed to the Supreme Court.

Justice Witkon, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, said that once the appellants' appeal was dismissed, the appellants' appeal was dismissed.

As to the appellants' argument that the site is an indivisible whole and should not have been split up into two sections for purposes of municipal property, Justice Witkon said that the site is an indivisible whole and should not have been split up into two sections for purposes of municipal property.

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
October 18, 1959

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Civil Appeals

Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Gotsman and Witkon.

A. Grunberg, Street, Ltd., Appellant, v. The Tel Aviv Municipal Council & Others. Respondents (C.A. 220/59).

Site on Which Construction is in Process is "Building Land"

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court, delivered on April 20, 1959 (in

The Weather

FORECAST: Partly cloudy with scattered showers in North and Central parts of the country.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Canaan	46	14	24	21
Tiberias	49	19	21	23
Haifa Port	44	17	23	26
Natanya	44	17	23	26
Tel Aviv	44	17	23	26
Tel Aviv Port	47	17	23	27
Jerusalem	47	17	23	27
Bethlehem	46	16	22	26
Be'er Sheva	44	15	21	25
Dimona	44	15	21	25

* Air humidity at 3 p.m. 50% minimum temp. 10° Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

The outgoing Israeli Minister to South Africa and Mrs. Yitzhak Ben-Zur, from Cape Town, on the completion of the Minister's tour of duty (by El Al).

Dr. Y. Aron, Director-General of the Ministry of Finance, from an official visit to the U.S. and Europe.

Mr. Meyer Weisgal, Chairman of the Executive Council of the Weizmann Institute, from a two-month visit to Europe and the U.S. (by El Al).

Mr. Cecil Jacobs, President of the Zionist Federation of Rhodesia, and Mrs. Jacobs, for a fortnight's visit (by El Al).

Mr. Joseph Schatz, President of the South African Branch of the World Jewish Congress, as a guest of the local W.J.C. branch (by El Al).

Mr. David Barz, electronics engineer of the Civil Aviation Division, from a purchasing trip abroad (by El Al).

John Schatz, a harmonica player, and his piano accompanist, Glenn Clouston, for a 20-day tour (by El Al).

DEPARTURES

Professor Walter J. Fischel, of the University of California, for India to continue his research on Indian Jews (by Air France).

Dr. P. Farkas, Executive Secretary of the School of Pharmacy of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, for Europe on behalf of the School.

Mr. Aram Tur, Director of the Public Relations Department of the Government Tourist Corporation, for a three-month study visit to the U.S.

'Will Take Jordan Waters By Force If Necessary'—Dayan

TEL AVIV. — "Mapai feels that if it ever comes to the point that we will be able to get the Jordan waters only by force, then force will have to be used," Aluf Moshe Dayan told a question-and-answer session held by the Histadrut Students' Club in Beit Lissin in Tel Aviv on Friday night.

In reply to a question why he had lapsed into silence on the question of "efficiency lay-offs" which he had advocated earlier, Mr. Dayan said that he still advocated them where needed, but felt that the dismissed workers should be found other work and social benefits.

Asked whether Mapai supported or opposed the country's economically trained workers, the speaker said that he believed that Mapai supported them, but that their situation was quite good. The persons who really needed support were such people as the residents of Wadi Salib and others like them who had no pressure group to present their demands, he said.

HAZAN
Electoral Reform Will Violate 'Secrecy'

HOLON. — The danger in the constituency elections proposed by Mapai is that they will turn an electoral minority into a parliamentary majority, Mr. Y. Hazan, M.K., told a Mapai rally in the Migdal hall here on Friday night.

He said that besides the other ills attached to this electoral system, it will also do away with the secrecy of elections as 750 voters will have to sign as sponsors for each candidate in each constituency.

Turning to economic and wage policy questions, Mr. Hazan charged that the recent IL25 overtime pay given to senior government officials and to long as wages was only a camouflage wage rise to obviate the need to raise the wages of the lower-grade employees.

IDOV COHEN
Another Election Would Be 'Disastrous'

TEL AVIV. — Mr. Idov Cohen, the Progressive M.K., holding new elections, is a disaster for the proponents of electoral reform are a majority in the Fourth Knesset. Mr. Cohen was speaking at the Tril Cinema in Jaffa on Friday.

An election after the state millions while tens of millions more were spent indirectly. Economically, another election campaign so close on the heels of the present one would be disastrous, he said.

LAVON
Attacks 'Liberals'

TEL AVIV. — Mr. Pinhas Lavon, Histadrut Secretary-General, declared in the Ohel Shem Hall on Saturday that the three self-styled "liberal" parties were "bleeding dead ideological horses." He said that the Herut, General Zionist and Progressive parties spoke of "giving private enterprise a chance, but what they actually intended was the annihilation of the labour movement.

Unlike really liberal movements abroad declared Mr. Lavon, Israel's self-labelled liberals advocated Government intervention and nationalization, but only of these enterprises and projects belonging to the Histadrut.

LONG QUEUES formed before the seven Magen David ambulances parked at various points in Jerusalem on Saturday night to accept blood donors in the beginning of the Blood Bank drive in the capital.

New Plant Opened In Immigrant Town

Jerusalem Post Reporter

SEROT. — The Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Pinhas Sapir, officially opened a new factory for the manufacture of clinical thermometers in this immigrant town on Friday.

Capital for the factory was put up by the Tis Company, a joint venture of the Histadrut and the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, and by a private South African investor, Mr. I. Katz.

Because of Government and Histadrut participation, the private investor needed only an initial capital investment of IL16,000 of the IL80,000 total. He will, however, transfer the operating capital to Israel shortly. This is estimated at an additional IL40,000.

Israel imports 100,000 clinical thermometers annually. During the ceremony, the Mayor of Serot, Mr. Zakay, announced that the Minister would come to Serot again in the near future to lay the foundation stone for an electric cable and electronic equipment factory. He and Mr. Sapir both stressed that the situation in Serot had eased considerably, since it was no longer a "forgotten town."

Also on Friday, Mr. Sapir attended a cornerstone ceremony in Nahariya for a new wing of the Isabest plant. The Chairman of the company's Board of Directors, Mr. Z. Federman, and many guests were present.

The new IL4M wing (IL2.8M in foreign currency) will in 18 months start producing asbestos-cement pipes 1 m. in diameter and 5-6 m. long. Annual production will then reach 33,000 tons of asbestos-cement pipes and sheets.

Mr. Sapir praised the efficiency of the enterprise and its contribution to the country's economic progress.

EBAN
Rebuts Herut's Charges of 'Waste'

SAFAD. — Mr. Abba Eban told an audience of about 1,000 at the amphitheatre of the Bussel Recreation Home on Saturday that "the 3,000 days and nights of our independence could not solve all our problems, but much is being done to solve them."

Speaking in Afula's Kol-Ron Hall, Mr. Eban took issue with Herut who claims that money received from foreign sources and loans has been wasted.

"World Bank experts have stated that all funds received by Israel have been spent for development and that nothing has been wasted," Mr. Eban said.

"Israel will need a government that will be able to strengthen our relations with all five continents in the next four years," Mr. Eban said at a Mapai-sponsored meeting in Tzernakh on Saturday.

The goal will not be achieved if the influence of a party which seeks territorial expansion increases.

Mr. Eban was completing the last part of a swing around the northern part of Israel. He made seven speeches to a total of more than 26,000 listeners in Galilee.

ESHKOL
Condemns Herut Demagoguery

HAIFA. — The sunny, cool autumn weather successfully competed with election speakers here in a week-end for public favour. Not even speakers of Ministerial rank were able to fill the cinema halls completely.

At the Orah Cinema, Finance Minister Levy Eshkol roundly condemned Herut for what he termed its demagoguery on the spending of funds received from abroad and allegedly wasted.

BEN-ELIEZER
Present Gov't Won't Achieve Peace

TEL AVIV. — "The Ben-Gurion government has no plans for achieving peace with the Arabs and as long as this government continues in power there will be no peace," Mr. Arie Ben-Eliezer, Deputy Speaker of the Knesset, told a Herut rally in the Mograbi Cinema here on Saturday.

HECKLERS disrupted Mapai Meetings

BENEI BRAK. — Some 80 young men, allegedly Herut and Mapai followers, heckled the Minister of Police, Mr. Behor Shitrit, on Friday night when he spoke at Givat Shmuel, near here. They shouted "Begin to power" and sang Zionist revolutionary songs before they were escorted out of the hall by members of the audience and the police.

Mr. Shitrit said that he came on a "mission to citizens" basis to explain Mapai's platform. "I am sorry there are people who cannot accept freedom of speech."

In Kfar Seta, on Friday night, the Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. P. Sapir, remained for three hours on the platform without being permitted to deliver a scheduled address as hecklers shouted abuse at the Chairman of the Local Council, Mr. Gideon Naor, who was presiding, as well as at other local Mapai leaders.



Four Peacocks, gifts of the President, will accompany him on his trip to Burma tomorrow. Two of the birds are of a rare white variety. Holding the birds, from right to left, are the Deputy Manager of the Tel Aviv Zoo, Mr. M. Ben Dor; the Burmese Ambassador to Israel, U Hta Maung; the President's Aide, Aluf-Mishne Y. Carmel, and the director of the Zoo, Mr. B. Goffer. (Photo Rosenblum)

Scarlati's Conductor Back on Podium

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The permanent conductor of the Scarlati Symphony Orchestra, Maestro Franco Caracciolo, conducted the second concert of the ensemble at the Mann Auditorium on Saturday night.

He was unable to conduct its second concert in Jerusalem on Thursday night because he had suddenly been taken ill.

Unfortunately, the bassoon player has now fallen ill, thus compelling a cancellation of the performance of Ghedini's Concerto Grosso in F Major and its replacement by a Vivaldi piece.

The capacity audience gave Maestro Caracciolo a big hand. The orchestra also played a concerto for strings by the Israeli composer, Odedio Farfari.

15th Meeting of Israel Archaeologists Tonight

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The 15th annual conference of the Israel Exploration Society opens at the Mann Auditorium here tonight.

The eight sessions are devoted to "Landings from the Sea" and the Tel Aviv and Yarkon regions. The subject was chosen in honour of Tel Aviv's 50th Jubilee.

Sunday's opening lecture is by Professor Yitzhak Mazar, President of the Hebrew University. He is expected to disclose important new details concerning Tel el Kasseh, a trading outpost. The evening speaker will be Prof. D. Amiran, who is scheduled to lecture on the cities of ancient Israel.

A total of 1,500 participants is expected, including representatives from nearly every veteran settlement in Israel. In addition to nearly 30 lectures, the programme also includes tours to various archaeological sites and a preliminary survey of excavations carried out at Nahal Oren this season by a team of experts under Prof. M. Stekella.

The conference will close on Tuesday and will include some thirty lectures.

President Ben-Zvi who usually opens the Society's conferences, will be absent this year since he is leaving for Burma today. Mayor H. Levanon of Tel Aviv will open the conference instead.

Joanne Woodward In 'Exodus' Lead

TEL AVIV. — Miss Joanne Woodward, a Hollywood actress and "Oscar" winner, has been chosen to play a leading role in Otto Preminger's "Exodus" which is being filmed here.

The filming of Leon Uris' best-seller about the rebirth of Israel is expected to start early next year. He is currently in April 1959, this Embassy's new Counselor, Mr. Simin.

It is believed that Mr. Simin will replace Mr. Nicolai I. Kiknadze, who is leaving his post as Charge d'Affaires during Mr. Simin's absence.

It is understood that no political matters were discussed at the meeting.

2 Charged with 'Jelly' Fraud

TEL AVIV. — A homemade product containing "royal jelly" was the basis of 44 charges levelled by the prosecution against Alexander Rubin and Ya'acov Halperin in the District Court on Friday.

The two men are charged with conspiring to defraud the public by manufacturing, packaging and selling ampoules of the product — called "Apl-Cure" — at exorbitant prices and falsely representing it as being of French manufacture.

A prosecution representative charged that the accused sold various merchandise and pharmaceuticals to believe that the ampoules were manufactured by the "Sodipa" firm in France. They also attached misleading labels and engaged in manufacture without a permit.

Equipment and ingredients that allegedly went into the product were confiscated at Rubin's laboratory and home in August 1956 at the request of the District Prosecutor. Samples of the mixture were sent to the Haganah Institute in Jerusalem.

In Rubin's alleged statement to the court, he said that he had been urged by Rubin to start a war. He warned against developing a habit of viewing neighbouring Arab countries only as the enemies of today, instead of as the partners of tomorrow. He was speaking at an election rally held at the Zill hall in Jaffa.

GIORA GODIK presents Luis Alberto Del Parana and His Trio Los Paraguayos

TEL AVIV: Ohel Shem, Tonight: 7.15 and 9.15

ELIZON LEON: Tivoli, Tomorrow, October 18.

EP23 WAREHO: Tuesday, October 20.

HAIFA: May Cinema, Wednesday, October 21 (last performance): 7.15 and 9.15.

TEL AVIV: Ohel Shem, Thursday, October 22, 8.30.

TEL AVIV: Ohel Shem, Saturday, October 24.

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Sun Smiles On Succot

Jerusalem Post Staff

Succot was celebrated under a clear sky over the week-end. But the weatherman last night warned that thunderstorms over Cyprus and in Syria may spread southwards by today and cause scattered thunderstorms and showers.

An estimated 7,000 persons yesterday ascended Mt. Zion in Jerusalem, where a large succa was erected next to the traditional site of King David's Tomb.

Booths sprouted in backyards, balconies and lawns throughout Israel, brightly decorated with a wide variety of paper cuttings, pictures, lanterns, fruit and vegetables.

In Tel Aviv, however, municipal gardeners had a busy time on Friday protecting their trees against youngsters carting away foliage.

Some palm trees in the public parks developed a pod-like appearance, as they were denuded to the last frond.

This type of vandalism was not limited to Tel Aviv, reports being received from other cities.

Several cracked off trees with ropes or sawed off by men and boys who scouted through towns looking for unprotected trees.

Simha Beit Hashoeva

Last night, Chief Rabbi Untermyer of Tel Aviv opened the ceremony of the Simha Beit Hashoeva (The Joy of the House of the Water Drawing) before representatives of 305 local synagogues at the open air auditorium of the Tel Aviv Exhibition.

The ceremony was held in the city will this year receive 42-volume sets of Bible commentaries in a joint presentation of the Municipality, the Tel Aviv Chief Rabbinate and the regional Religious Council.

A succa for tourists and residents will be opened in Tel Aviv today along the entire length of the large Z.O.A. House terrace, it was announced last night.

Eilat reported a heavy stream of visitors during the Succot season. A lengthy period of quiet. Hotels were full and many took advantage of the warm weather to take a dip in the sea.

Orchestrators must remain open from 7 a.m. to 2 p.m. from Sunday through Wednesday of the Intermediate Days of Succot, under an order granted by the Ministry of the Interior.

Shops may remain open during the afternoon as well if they wish.

Black Star to Run U.S.-African Service

ACCRA (Ilim). — The General Manager of the Black Star Line, Mr. S. Wertheimer, disclosed yesterday that the Ghana-Israel shipping company has signed an agreement in New York with the American West African Freight Conference for a regular service between the U.S. and Canada and West Africa.

Black Star is the first African company to become a member of the conference.

"SARAMELO" — Jerusalem's newest night spot — was opened last night in a lane leading off Zion Square.

ventating both healthy and feeble persons, he said. Halperin added that he had sold the product to various pharmacies in the country. Labels were printed only in French, he said, since the aim had been to manufacture for export.

"We packaged it exactly as the French firm did, but nobody asked us whether the preparation was made here or abroad," Halperin said in his statement. He had never claimed that the preparation was manufactured in France.

Hebears will be continued on November 30. (Ilim)

Cyprus Extends Hand Of Friendship to All

NAZARETH. — The Cypriot people, when it achieves independence next spring, will maintain relations of real friendship with all neighbouring countries, including Israel. This was stated here on Saturday in an interview with ITIM by Mr. G.A. Coustas, spokesman of the visiting delegation of six Cypriot Mayors.

Mayor Abba Khoushy and other members of the Haifa City Executive gave a reception at the Rothschild Centre on Mt. Carmel last night for the six mayors.

ZUNDEL KAHANA DEAD IN T.A.

TEL AVIV. — Rabbi Zundel Kahana, a well-known etrog merchant, died on Saturday at Hadassah Hospital. He was 78. Rabbi Kahana was born in Safad. (Ilim)

RENAULT

(Continued from Page One)

velopments and therefore were unable to intervene in time.

High-level contacts between the Israeli Embassy in Paris and the French Government are believed to have suffered recently due to the absence of an Israeli Ambassador in Paris since Mr. Ya'acov Tsur's return to Israel last July.

The French Ambassador to Israel, M. Pierre Gilbert, has been on home leave since last June.

Difficulties with Renault began in September, 1954, when the first contract with Kaiser-Frazer came up for renewal. Some of Renault's managers wanted then to terminate the deal with Israel, but French Government intervention, largely assisted by M. Gilbert and M. Dreyfus, saw to it that the agreement was renewed.

Renault's demand for at least 3,000 Dauphines per year, a two-year contract was signed providing for the assembly in Israel of 2,000 Renault vehicles, the parts for 600 of which have so far been supplied.

The renewed contract, however, stipulated that the French firm would ask for a prolongation of the agreement after the two-year term.

Israel has only recently placed several substantial orders with major French firms, including the extension of the Haifa port quay, the planning of the Ashdod port and the building of two cargo vessels, while an order for a large luxury liner is also on hand.

Our Paris correspondent writes: "Le Monde" on Saturday published the first detailed report on the Renault affair, writing that the Israel market could absorb only 1,000 cars annually, while the Renault factory in Morocco could take 17,000 — with Egypt alone buying 4,000.

Renault also claims that the Dauphine assembled in Israel costs twice as much as the French-produced car, making it doubtful whether Israeli production would be worthwhile.

The Renault directors claim that the contract with Kaiser-Frazer had not been renewed last October because of the intention to cease deliveries.

"Le Monde" noted that an effort is being made to limit the affair to the technical field, both sides hoping to avoid political repercussions. (Leader — Page 4)

Both Jerusalem Sides Gain Wins

A week after their big defeat by Petah Tikva Hapoel, 5-0, Jerusalem Hapoel yesterday won their game in the Cup against the same team (minus their three star players Stelmach, Ratzabi and Wissokor who are in the Selected Israel team which play the Yugoslavs).

Jerusalem won 3-1, after leading 2-1 in the first half, on their own ground in the German Colony before a crowd of 2,000.

Jerusalem played a much better game than they did last week. The first goal was scored for Petah Tikva in the 6th minute by Marcus. Four minutes later Jerusalem equalized through Singel, and the same player scored again in the 25th minute. Viki increased the score to 3-1 in the 40th minute.

Jerusalem Betar notched their first two points this season when they defeated Rehovot Maccabi, 2-1, on the Y.M.C.A. ground before 3,000 fans. The two goals for Betar were scored by Shaul in the 44th and 47th minute. Hanoi scored for Rehovot in the 89th minute. Betar pressed throughout the 90 minutes of the game, but lacked the "finishing touch." (M.F.)

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Founder: GERSHON AGNON
Managing Editor: TED R. LUBIN

Editorial Office and Management: 34, Tel Aviv Road, P.O. Box 112, Tel. 4233 (4 lines).
TEL AVIV Bureau: 53 Nahlat Binyamin, P.O. Box 112, Tel. 4233/2.
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Sunday, October 15, 1959
15 Tishri, 5720, 15 Bala Tash, 1979

NOBODY, here or in France, can feel anything but regret that an important branch of Franco-Israeli commercial relations — IN WAR the assembly of Renault cars in Haifa — should have been suddenly broken off in response to Arab pressure. Plans had been under way for other Renault models in addition to the Dauphine to be built here, but instead the contract has been arbitrarily broken, and Renault has stopped delivery of the 2,400 units contracted for after only 200 have been completed. That is not to say, of course, that other relations with France will be in any way affected.

The truth is not far to seek. Renault has apparently been offered a large and favorable contract by the U.A.R. no doubt on condition that they cease to work with Israel. The company feels that it cannot fight the battle against the Arab boycott of Israel, and the Quai d'Orsay explains that it has no control over Renault's commercial decisions.

Renault is not the first company to default in this way. It might almost be said that they find themselves in good company. Phillips of Holland pulled up their stakes in Israel, so did the Shell Co. of Great Britain, and the Italian manufacturers of the Lambretta scooters. The sheer size of the Arab market gives the Arab boycott organizers a favorable position as it stands today, and there is little purpose in looking upon it as a moral issue. Of course nobody should yield to blackmail threats. West Germany in its Reparations Agreement with Israel refused to do so, and its decision proved wise. But commercial firms are averse to political involvements, and feel no responsibility in such matters. If the world looks on silently at the destruction of Tibet, for fear of conflict, why should Renault fight for its right to have cars assembled here?

Responsibility for this matter must devolve on ourselves in the first place. Three years after the Sinai campaign no Arab country would seek armed conflict with Israel, nor do any of them believe that Israel can be destroyed by military action on their part. As a result, the entire emphasis of their hostility has shifted to the economic field, showing itself in such actions as the blockade of the Suez Canal and the greatly increased activities of the boycott organizations. This battle-front may be less spectacular, but it is also less dangerous for the Arabs, for the worst that can happen at present is that the boycott falls in some instance it will not destroy Israel either even if its nuisance value increases greatly, but then the Arabs do not expect to destroy us: they need merely to keep up the semblance of activity in this direction.

Arab concentration on the boycott may be an indication that they recognize that the battle for our physical security is on the way to being won. These troubles may be the "third round" that we must expect. It is unlikely that we could fight a boycott successfully with a counter-boycott of the firms concerned, and this would be undesirable for many reasons. The way to defeat the boycott is by improved coordination and participation in foreign firms at a higher level to balance the physical size of the Arab markets. It would be a curious reflection on Israel's second decade if it proved that we could win military battles only, and not those that now loom on the economic front.

A Tourist in Russia By Zeev Laqueur

Kremlin Cultivates T.V.

SOVIET political leaders have been comparatively slow in recognizing the real significance of television. At first, T.V. was regarded (as in the West) as a harmless toy, a mere appendage to the radio. Only about two years ago, however, it began to be realized that television was a "powerful aid in the cause of Communist education," to quote a recent article in the "Kommunist." The appointment of the head of the television organization was therefore symptomatic. The choice fell on Shomakov, who had previously been editor-in-chief of the Soviet philosophical journal.

The Russian leaders are very impressed by figures, especially large figures. It has been figured out that a Soviet film on Moscow television is seen and heard by more people than could see it if it were shown for a fortnight in all the cinemas of the capital. Gorki's "The Lower Depths" would have to run before packed houses for 90 years to reach as large an audience as television provides on a single evening. It has been ascertained that despite the limited range of television in the Soviet Union already has as large an audience as the film industry.

On the strength of these figures it has now been decided to give priority to television. Gigantic new transmitters and studios are under construction not only in Moscow but in many other parts of the Union. At the same time, however, a number of problems have arisen which are not as unlike the problems television has raised in the West.

Threat to Stage. Once all the necessary transmitters and studios have been built, what is going to be transmitted? Already there is rivalry between the cinema and the theatre on the one hand, and television on the other. In the Soviet Union all new films and plays are broadcast immediately and the "best interests" in the theatre cinema are transferred to the television screen. It has been asked that there should be an interval of five or six years before films are released to television. This is because it is feared that first because it is borrowed from the "bourgeois" West, and secondly because (according to the television pioneers) the new medium will do serious harm to the theatre and cinema.

As an example they quote the fact that in Riga 72 stage plays were relayed from the Riga theatres in the course of 15 months. This was up by "more than 100 per cent." The argument is familiar, but it is very doubtful whether it holds water. American television has at its disposal an almost unlimited number of Hollywood productions, not to mention English, French and other films, provided the necessary financial investment is forthcoming. But the situation in the Soviet film industry is quite different. In the early 1950's under Stalin and Shadov hardly any new films were made. Recently the situation has improved and about 90-100 films are being produced every year. (Even that is nothing extraordinary more than that number of films made in India and Egypt.)

It has been calculated that even if all the new films and plays on the Moscow stage were broadcast, only 12-15 per cent of television trans-

mitting time would be filled. It has also been observed that television is a medium with laws of its own. Not all films and plays (not even the good ones) have been successful on television. How then is the rest of the time to be occupied? There is the film production of the East European countries and China ("The Spirit of the Sea" — children under 18 years not admitted) but for various reasons only a small proportion of these are suitable for showing in Russia.

Foreign Films
On the other hand, Moscow television does show foreign films which have never been seen in Soviet cinemas, including Western films, mostly operettas and musicals of the 1930's and early 1940's which are immensely popular especially with girls and young women. They may have heard of Kim Novak, Jayne Mansfield and Marilyn Monroe but they know all about Deanna Durbin and Ginger Rogers. And they have all wept over Vivien Leigh in "Waterloo Bridge." Soviet television is immensely popular in content than that of the bourgeois West we read in a party journal. According to the writer everything in the West, including art, is bought and sold, everything is considered from a commercial point of view and television is simply set in a position to reproduce truthfully the thoughts and endeavors of the people. A good deal could be said in criticism of Western television but at the moment we are discussing Soviet television which is the opinion of most Soviet critics, is by no means so rich as it is claimed to be.

Soviet trash is hardly as bad as the worst productions of the West: there is something to be said for cultural censorship. But the best Soviet productions come nowhere near the standard of the best productions of the West. This may be partly due to the serious and endearing of the people. A good deal could be said in criticism of Western television but at the moment we are discussing Soviet television which is the opinion of most Soviet critics, is by no means so rich as it is claimed to be.

NOISY BUSES
Editor, The Jerusalem Post
Sir, — About a year ago, a news item appeared in your paper to the effect that Egged was carrying out some research in an effort to reduce the noise made by their buses. But I cannot say that I have noticed any reduction in the noise of Egged buses as they go roaring through the streets of our town.

Now I read that Egged is to import a few dozen buses. May I ask whether any Government department or public authority has imposed some restrictions on the types of vehicles being imported, with respect to their noise value, or are we to continue to suffer even more noise than the "research" continues to infinity? Recently, the Haifa Municipality, in a letter to your paper, condoned noisy holiday camps on the grounds of "youthful exuberance." There can be no excuse, in these days of advanced technology, for excessively noisy buses.

Yours, etc.,
J. TABOR
Haifa, August 25.

MUSICAL DIARY

Suporb Scarlatti

The "Scarlati" Symphony Orchestra, Franco Caracciolo, Conductor (Hana Auditorium, Oct. 14). Scarlatti, Concerto No. 2 in F major; Mozart: Symphonica Concertante in E-flat major (R. 9) for choir, clarinet, bassoon, French horn and orchestra; Pizzetti: Three Symphonies Intermeszi; Haydn: Symphony No. 28 in B-flat major.

Harp Homage

THE First International Harp Competition in Jerusalem was, in my view, the greatest event in the world of the harp after King David played this instrument, the Dutch-Jewish harpist Rosa Spier, who was an honorary member of the jury, stated on the Dutch radio on Tuesday night. She gave a most enthusiastic account of the Jerusalem Harp Competition, after which she played two works for the harp, the "Fame" by Paul Ben-Haim, which was required selection at the competition, and a composition of her own, "Impressions on the Biblical Story of Saul and David."

Newsweek

October 9, 1959

The Attack on El-Kassem

The Tony Sweep

On Sale Everywhere

BUSINESS DIARY

Israel's Only Trade Weekly

Photographed Press Digest

P.O.B. 1313, Haifa.

Registration: 9 A.M. - 3 P.M. and 5-6 P.M.

Hebrew English French

Morning and Evening classes for Adults, Beginners and Advanced students will commence this week at the KADIMAN SCHOOL, 71 Bnei Barak, Tel. Aviv.

SPECIAL ENGLISH AND FRENCH CLASSES FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Registration: 9 A.M. - 3 P.M. and 5-6 P.M.

Complaints have been made that of 35 stage plays put on by the central television studio (not relayed direct from the theatres) only 25 dealt with any sort of topical question, and that of 44 youth programmes only six had anything to do with the problems of young workers.

This "escapism" reflects the workers' desire not to have politics rammed down their throats after a hard day's work. Like Goethe's theatre manager the producers are trying to give everyone something by putting on a great deal. Under Stalin an attempt would no doubt have been made to film the leading article of "Pravda."

It has now been realized that this would just not work and that more subtle methods of mass education have to be used. Recently the more successful programmes have included eye-witness accounts of life in the various districts of Moscow with a discussion of the municipal problems that concern every citizen.

The Western cultural campaign of "What's My Line" have not yet been introduced on Soviet television but they probably soon will be, in a slightly modified form. A "Do It Yourself" programme is also on the agenda.

Recently, Soviet television specialists have heard about educational television in America and they intend to introduce a regular series of university lectures on a great variety of subjects. The establishment of a "Movie Museum" (again on the American model) has also been discussed which would be from old films would be shown once a week. For years ahead there will be an insufficient supply of feature films. It is therefore intended to mobilize movie camera amateurs on the assumption that a few thousand amateur films will include at least a few dozen of general interest.

No one in Moscow doubts that television will be a decisive factor in the social and cultural life of the Soviet Union in the second half of the twentieth century.

When the President takes off for Burma on Sunday, writes Dava (Herald), he will be taking along with him the best wishes of Israel's citizens to the people of Burma and its distinguished leaders. It is no accident that the people of Asia and Africa are keen to establish relations with us, for there are no strings attached to our offer of aid.

Hamodia (World Aguda), though loath to expose the breach in Orthodox ranks, feels that it must attack

as USOM expert to the Technion since 1956. It is he who had the idea of a Metals Institute geared to the needs of industry, and it is he who is most concerned with the training of metallurgists and with fundamental research in the field.

USOM has also undertaken to provide a year of further study in the U.S.A. to the Institute's director, Mr. Ariel Taub, equipment to the value of more than \$50,000 and, jointly with the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, the major part of the expenses for the construction of the Institute's new building which will be ready in a year's time.

Yours, etc.,
DR. MORDECHAI M. LEVY
Chairman, Board of Governors
Israel Metals Institute
The Technion, September 27.

ISRAEL TRADE SHOW POPULAR

By HENRIETTE BOAS

AMSTERDAM. — THE first Israel Trade Exhibition in Europe was festively opened in Amsterdam's Royal Institute for the Tropics last week by the Mayor, Mr. G. van Hel.

The exhibition was organized by the Netherlands-Israel Chamber of Commerce, on the occasion of its tenth anniversary.

Among the cables read at the opening ceremony was one from the Netherlands Ambassador in Jerusalem, Jhr. J. Q. Bag-Backer, expressing his hopes that the present exhibition would stimulate trade between the two countries.

The distinguished guests present included the Israel Ambassador to The Netherlands, Mr. H. A. Cidior, the Israel Consul-General, Dr. R. Migdal, and the former Mayor of Amsterdam, Mr. A. J. d'Ally, who ten years ago was one of the main initiators of the Chamber, and who today is its only Honorary Member.

The show is relatively small but has been arranged with very good taste. Sixty-four Israeli firms are participating, representing many different aspects of Israel's industry. The main empha-

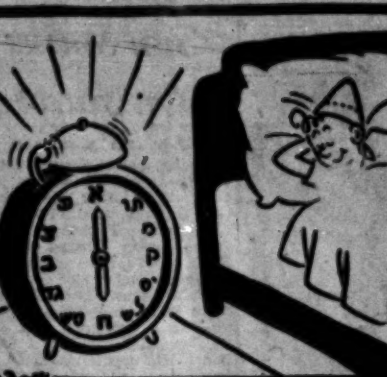
sis, however, is on textiles. To make Israel's fashion industry better known in Holland, two fashion shows a day were scheduled during the five days of the exhibition. To judge from the enthusiasm with which the models and their dresses were received at the first show — both by the general public and by the fashion editors present — the products of the Israeli fashion industry will find a ready market in Holland, where several Israeli fashion firms are already represented by agents. Bathing suits in particular were greatly admired.

One of the objects of the exhibition, in addition to increasing interest in Israeli products in Holland, where during the last few years Israel's exports have remained more or less stable, is to find agents for Israeli firms so far without agents in Holland.

The information desk of the Chamber of Commerce is flanked by an information desk of the Israel Tourist Corporation.

The Chamber has displayed considerable activity and, in addition to its day-to-day work, publishes a monthly "Netherlands-Israel" as well as an increasingly voluminous Annual Report — which includes detailed information

WON'T HE WAKE UP?



By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

FRIDAY'S PRESS

Moscow's Baffling Silence

A BANNER headline in the "Pravda" (General Zionist) proclaims: "Russian Underground Demands Abolition of Rights for Jews." The story gives the complete translation of type-written circulars posted by the Malakhovskis anti-Semites. "The People Are Still Complaining with Words. But They Are Not Far From Action" — a copy of which was shown to the paper's New York correspondent by the Jewish tourist who first reported the story of the synagogue burning. But in an editorial, the paper cannot decide whether to blame the Soviet authorities or not. On the one hand, an "underground" is hardly conceivable in the Soviet Union, which leads to the conclusion that the incidents were officially inspired. But — unlike the reaction of Communists in Israel and other countries who mechanically hastened to brand the Malakhovskis report as pure defecation — the Soviet authorities have been silent. This is baffling.

When the President takes off for Burma on Sunday, writes Dava (Herald), he will be taking along with him the best wishes of Israel's citizens to the people of Burma and its distinguished leaders. It is no accident that the people of Asia and Africa are keen to establish relations with us, for there are no strings attached to our offer of aid.

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Peru Hails Israel Know-how

By YAA'COV FRIEDLER

Dr. Herman Finkel, Senior Lecturer in the Lower, mid-Agricultural Engineering Department at the Technion, has just returned from a mission to Peru. Originally planned as a one-year job as adviser on irrigation to the Peruvian Government, under the auspices of the F.A.O., he actually stayed twice as long at the invitation of the Peruvians.

Dr. Finkel, who arrived from the U.S. in 1949, served for three years as the Chief Engineer of the Soil Conservation Service of the Ministry of Agriculture. Since then he has been with the Technion.

He found Peru, big, rich and underdeveloped, with large, potential irrigation resources still unexploited. Peru has plenty of water, but in the wrong places. Feeding the jungles behind the Andes ranges, it leaves a 2,000-km. coastal plain almost absolute desert.

The Peruvians have inaugurated many projects for the redistribution of the available water. Some of them are spectacularly large and audacious, but not all are wholly successful.

Many Local Experts

Dr. Finkel found that the Peruvians are hesitant about handing the management of the projects over to foreign experts, a hesitancy understandable in the light of the country's history. Peru also has many experts of its own. The country has a tradition of learning and the San Marcos University at Lima is the oldest on the American continent.

What seemed to be missing was coordination between the civil engineers who built the huge dams and canals to irrigate the prospective farms, and the agronomists who are best qualified to determine the suitable crops, amount of water needed, etc.

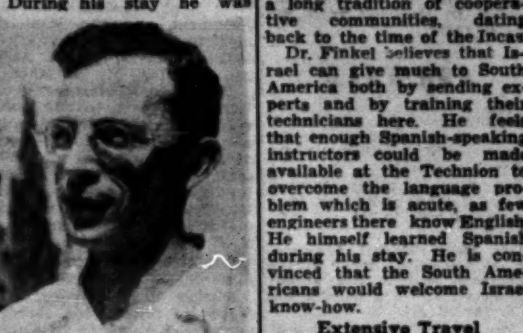
NATURE NOTES

Black-Beetles Getting Fewer

A CORRESPONDENT suggests I should inform him about cockroaches (popularly called blackbeetles). He doesn't say what he wants to know, but presumably he would like something that makes them more interesting. I, however, personally must say that after having investigated them I feel even more reluctant than having perforce to quash or poison them. The large things which are particularly objectionable when they get among your potatoes or other stores, and put so swiftly, are an import from America — *Periplaneta americana* (sheik americana). They have spread all over the world. The lady is interesting in that she retains her fertilized eggs in her pouch, adding one layer after another, each in a sort of casing, until she puts them in some convenient place (in my case, alas, usually on the underside of the kitchen table drawer). The other point of interest and probably of satisfaction to most readers, as to this writer, is that while the family of Blattidae (Cockroaches), which numbers among them many living in gardens and fields, not only the two domesticated species mentioned — today forms less than one per cent of all the insects of the world, while in the Carboniferous Age — as shown by fossil remains — they were a large and postiferous majority, no less than 80 per cent of all insects. I am sure that at least today we have butterflies and dragonflies and lovely moths like the Peacock and the Oceanic moth in their place! P.A.

Peru Hails Israel Know-how

The Israel expert proposed out a detailed programme for the man, English-speaking Jose Vivas Ibarco, who completed his tour here last month. Mr. Ibarco was very enthusiastic about his visit. He believes that the moshav principle might be adapted in his country for the communities that will be set up when irrigation projects create new farming areas. The Peruvian Indians have a long tradition of cooperative communities, dating back to the time of the Incas. Dr. Finkel believes that Israel can give much to South America both by sending experts and by training their technicians here. He feels that enough Spanish-speaking instructors could be made available at the Technion to overcome the language problem which is acute, as few engineers there know English. He himself learned Spanish during his stay. He is convinced that the South Americans would welcome Israel know-how.



Dr. FINKEL

asked to join a 12-man team (six each of F.A.O. and the World Bank) in preparing a survey of Peruvian agriculture, its present state and potentialities. The report was wanted by the Peruvian Government for its development programme.

Israelis Welcome

Dr. Finkel found that Israel experts are in general welcomed in South America. The Peruvians were enthusiastic about "the miracles" Israel is achieving and had no fear of ulterior motives of exploitation or imperialism on Israel's part. While he was in Peru, the F.A.O. accepted Dr. Finkel's recommendation for a fellow study in Israel for six months' study in Israel. He worked

His job took him to every corner of the huge country, giving him many fascinating experiences. Travel is mostly by plane, railroad and river launch because of the poor roads. Over the Andes passengers travel in a non-pressurized craft, breathing oxygen through a rubber pipe.

He had time to make a study of the ancient Jewish community (now 4,000 strong) right back to the Incas. As a side line he also made extensive tours to Inca ruins. A busy trip, as well as a successful mission.

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